TOWN OF SOUTHBURY, CONNECTICUT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

JUNE 30, 2010

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Finance Town of Southbury Southbury, Connecticut

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Southbury, Connecticut, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2010, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes consideration of internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and the significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Southbury, Connecticut, as of June 30, 2010 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 12, 2010 on our consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 9 and budgetary comparison information on pages 33 through 35 are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and schedules have been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

November 12, 2010

Blum, Shapino + Company, P.C.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

JUNE 30, 2010

This discussion and analysis of the Town of Southbury, Connecticut's (the Town) financial performance is provided by management to provide an overview of the Town's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2010. Please read this MD&A in conjunction with the Town's financial statements, Exhibits I to VI.

Financial Highlights

- Net assets of our governmental activities increased by \$1.3 million, or 1.4%.
- During the year, the Town had \$59.6 million in tax and other revenues for governmental programs.
- Total cost of all of the Town's programs was \$58.3 million with no new programs added this year.
- The General Fund reported a GAAP fund balance this year of \$5.8 million, less encumbrances of \$0.1 million, and \$0.7 million appropriated for the 2010-11 budget. This leaves an unreserved fund balance of \$5.0 million, of which \$4.2 million is designated to preserve the Town's bond rating.
- The resources available for appropriation were \$0.4 million less than budgeted for the General Fund. Expenditures were kept within spending limits.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities (Exhibits I and II, respectively) provide information about the activities of the Town as a whole and present a longer-term view of the Town's finances. Fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits III to VI. For governmental activities, these statements tell how these services were financed in the short term, as well as what remains for future spending. Fund financial statements also report the Town's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the Town's most significant funds. The remaining statements provide financial information about activities for which the Town acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the government.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The analysis of the Town as a whole begins on Exhibits I and II. The statement of net assets and the statement of activities report information about the Town as a whole and about its activities for the current period. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Town's net assets and changes in them. The Town's net assets, the difference between assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Town's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Town's net assets are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The reader needs to consider other nonfinancial factors, however, such as changes in the Town's property tax base and the condition of the Town's capital assets, to assess the overall health of the Town.

In the statement of net assets and the statement of activities, the Town reports its activities as follows:

• Governmental Activities - The Town's basic services are reported here, including education, general government, public safety, public works, conservation of health and community activities. Property taxes, charges for services, and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin with Exhibit III and provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the Town as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by Charter. However, the Town establishes many other funds to help control and manage financial activities for particular purposes (like the Revaluation Fund) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using grants and other money (like grants received from the State of Connecticut). The Town's funds are divided into two categories: governmental and fiduciary.

- Governmental Funds (Exhibits III and IV) Most of the Town's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the Town's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Town's programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) and governmental funds is described in a reconciliation included with the fund financial statements.
- Fiduciary Funds (Exhibits V and VI) The Town is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its employees' pension plans. It is also responsible for other assets that, because of a trust arrangement, can be used only for the trust beneficiaries. All of the Town's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements of fiduciary net assets and changes in fiduciary net assets. These activities are excluded from the Town's other financial statements because the Town cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The Town is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The Town's combined net assets increased from a year ago. The analysis below focuses on the net assets (Table 1) and changes in net assets (Table 2) of the Town's governmental activities.

TABLE 1 NET ASSETS

		Governmental Activities		
		2010	2009	
Current and other assets	\$	15,008,872 \$	16,827,108	
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation Total assets	_	89,515,510 104,524,382	88,038,139 104,865,247	
Long-term liabilities outstanding		12,992,486	14,184,516	
Other liabilities Total liabilities	_	586,166 13,578,652	1,023,017 15,207,533	
Total habilities	_	13,378,032	13,207,333	
Net Assets:				
Invested in capital assets, net of debt		76,810,916	74,133,487	
Unrestricted	_	14,134,814	15,524,227	
Total Net Assets	\$_	90,945,730 \$	89,657,714	

Net assets of the Town's governmental activities increased by 1.3% (\$89.6 million compared to \$90.9 million). Unrestricted net assets - the part of net assets that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation or other legal requirements - changed from \$15.5 million at June 30, 2009 to \$14.1 million at the end of this year.

Net assets invested in capital assets increased by \$2.7 million. When developers complete developments and turn over roads to the Town, a contribution is recognized along with the contributed asset.

TABLE 2 CHANGE IN NET ASSETS

Governmental Activities

		Act	tivit	ies
	_	2010		2009
Revenues:	_		_	
Program revenues:				
Charges for services	\$	1,639,586	\$	1,569,083
Operating grants and contributions		2,620,110		3,339,691
Capital grants and contributions		9,922		1,130,916
General revenues:				
Property taxes		54,142,170		54,635,281
Grants and contributions not restricted to specific				
purposes		891,408		925,063
Unrestricted investment earnings		94,485		282,508
Miscellaneous	_	182,068	_	190,766
Total revenues	_	59,579,749	_	62,073,308
Program expenses				
General government		6,348,760		6,562,516
Public safety		3,316,094		3,195,427
Public works		5,208,912		5,226,292
Conservation of health		788,926		885,919
Community activities		1,483,411		1,504,360
Education		40,624,032		41,080,048
Debt service		521,598		562,765
Total expenses	_	58,291,733	_	59,017,327
Increase in Net Assets	\$_	1,288,016	\$_	3,055,981

The Town's total revenues were \$59.6 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$58.3 million. Property taxes accounted for 90.9% of all revenues. Revenues from grants and contributions, the second largest component, were 4.4%. Education expenses were 69.7% of total expenses.

Table 3 presents the cost of each of the Town's programs - general government, public safety, public works, conservation of health, community activities, education and debt service - as well as each program's net cost (total cost less revenues generated by the activities). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the Town's taxpayers by each of these functions.

TABLE 3
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

		Total Cos	st of	Services		Net Cost	of	Services
		2010	_	2009		2010	_	2009
General government	\$	6,348,760	\$	6,562,516	\$	5,658,611	\$	5,859,693
Public safety		3,316,094		3,195,427		2,863,414		2,818,046
Public works		5,208,912		5,226,292		4,857,300		3,314,936
Conservation of health		788,926		885,919		787,986		885,919
Community activities		1,483,411		1,504,360		780,238		902,252
Education		40,624,032		41,080,048		38,552,968		38,634,026
Debt service		521,598		562,765		521,598	_	562,765
				_	_		_	_
Totals	\$_	58,291,733	\$_	59,017,327	\$_	54,022,115	\$	52,977,637

Town Funds Financial Analysis

Governmental Funds

As the Town completed the year, its governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet - Exhibit III) reported a combined fund balance of \$13.4 million, which is a decrease from last year's total of \$14.8 million. Included in this year's total change in fund balance is a decrease of \$0.3 million in the Town's General Fund. The primary reason for the General Fund's decrease was a decrease in encumbrances. The original budget for 2010 also utilized \$616,019 of the prior year fund balance to balance it.

The Capital Projects Fund balance decreased by \$1.1 million due primarily to road construction. Some significant expenditures were:

Equipment	\$ 226,640
Infrastructure	1,905,000
Vehicles	595,060

Nonmajor governmental funds decreased by \$0.03 million.

The Town's General Fund balance of \$5.78 million reported on Exhibit III differs from the General Fund's budgetary fund balance of \$5.64 million. This is because budgetary fund balance does not include \$137 thousand of outstanding encumbrances at year end, which are reported as expenditures for budgetary purposes.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2010, the Town had \$89.5 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, park facilities, vehicles and equipment, roads and bridges - Table 4. This amount represents a net increase (including additions and deductions) of \$1.5 million, or 1.7%, over last year.

TABLE 4
CAPITAL ASSETS (Net of Depreciation)
(In Thousands)

		Governmental Activities		
	_	2010	2009	
Land	\$	19,283 \$	19,283	
Buildings and improvements		13,457	13,688	
Equipment		4,829	4,666	
Infrastructure		44,250	44,578	
Construction in progress	_	7,697	5,823	
Totals	\$	89,516 \$	88,038	

This year's major additions included:

Infrastructure	\$ 1,905,152
Equipment	226,640
Vehicles	595,060

The Town's fiscal year 2010-11 capital plan calls for it to spend \$700,000 on vehicles. The Town also appropriated an additional \$1.7 million for road improvements.

More detailed information about the Town's capital assets is presented in Note 1 and Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Debt

At June 30, 2010, the Town had \$12,500,000 in bonds and notes outstanding versus \$13,525,000 last year - a decrease of \$1,025,000. Bonds of \$1,025,000 were retired this year.

The Town's general obligation bond rating continues to carry the Aa2 rating, a rating that has been assigned by national rating agencies to the Town's debt since March 2010. The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that cities can issue based on a formula determined under State Statutes based on type of debt and tax base. The Town's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below this \$379.0 million state-imposed limit.

Other obligations include accrued vacation pay and sick leave. More detailed information about the Town's long-term liabilities is presented in Note 7 to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

The Town's elected and appointed officials considered many factors when setting the fiscal year 2011 budget tax rates. One of those factors is the economy. The Town's employment growth has been affected by the economic turndown. Unemployment in the Town now stands at 7.2% versus 6.9% a year ago. This compares favorably with the State's unemployment rate of 8.5% and the national rate of 9.6%.

These indicators were taken into account when adopting the General Fund budget for 2010-11. Amounts available for appropriation in the General Fund budget are \$60,599,789, an increase of 1.3% over the original 2010 budget of \$59,804,864. Budgeted property tax revenue increased 2.1% from the previous year.

The Town has added no new programs or initiatives in the 2011 budget. The Town has also appropriated \$710,000 of fund balance to balance the 2011 budget.

If these estimates are realized, the Town's budgetary General Fund balance is expected to decrease by June 30, 2011.

CONTACTING THE TOWN'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Town's finances and to show the Town's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Finance Department, Town of Southbury, 501 Main Street, Southbury, Connecticut 06488.

STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2010

		Governmental Activities
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,733,099
Receivables, net		973,726
Prepaid items		302,047
Capital assets not being depreciated		26,980,261
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		62,535,249
Total assets	_	104,524,382
Liabilities:		
Accounts and other payables		472,723
Unearned revenue		113,443
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		1,435,193
Due in more than one year		11,557,293
Total liabilities	_	13,578,652
Net Assets:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt		76,810,916
Unrestricted	_	14,134,814
Total Net Assets	\$_	90,945,730

Net (Expense) Revenue and

TOWN OF SOUTHBURY, CONNECTICUT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

					P	rogram Revenu	es			Changes in Net Assets	
Functions/Programs		Expenses	_	Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions	_	Capital Grants and Contributions	· -	Governmental Activities	
Governmental activities:											
General government	\$	6,348,760	\$	690,149	\$		\$		\$	(5,658,611)	
Public safety		3,316,094		435,530		17,150				(2,863,414)	
Public works		5,208,912		147,895		193,795		9,922		(4,857,300)	
Conservation of health		788,926		440		500				(787,986)	
Community activities		1,483,411		365,572		337,601				(780,238)	
Education		40,624,032				2,071,064				(38,552,968)	
Debt service		521,598	-				_		_	(521,598)	
Total	\$	58,291,733	\$	1,639,586	\$	2,620,110	\$	9,922	: -	(54,022,115)	
		General reven	ues:								
		Property tax	es							54,142,170	
		Grants and o	cont	ributions not res	stric	ted to specific pr	ogra	ams		891,408	
				estment earning	gs.					94,485	
		Miscellaneo							_	182,068 55,310,131	
		Total general revenues									
			1,288,016								
		Net Assets at 1	Begi	inning of Year					_	89,657,714	
		Net Assets at 1	End	of Year					\$_	90,945,730	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

1

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2010

		General	 Small Cities		Capital Projects	_	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	-	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,139,042	\$ 71,333	\$	5,234,603	\$, ,	\$	13,733,099
Receivables, net		708,879	221,306				43,541		973,726
Due from other funds Other assets		8,195	1,327				372,105		381,627
Other assets	•	21,490				-		_	21,490
Total Assets	\$	6,877,606	\$ 293,966	\$	5,234,603	\$	2,703,767	\$_	15,109,942
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES									
Liabilities:									
Accounts and other payables	\$	356,316	\$	\$	4,950	\$	865	\$	362,131
Due to other funds		75,879					305,748		381,627
Deferred revenue		669,333	 221,306		69,708				960,347
Total liabilities		1,101,528	 221,306		74,658	_	306,613	_	1,704,105
Fund balances:									
Reserved for encumbrances		137,065			113,044		41,020		291,129
Unreserved, reported in:		,			,		•		ŕ
General Fund		5,639,013							5,639,013
Special Revenue Funds			72,660				2,356,134		2,428,794
Capital Project Funds			 	_	5,046,901	_		_	5,046,901
Total fund balances		5,776,078	 72,660		5,159,945	_	2,397,154	_	13,405,837
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	6,877,606	\$ 293,966	\$	5,234,603	\$	2,703,767	\$	15,109,942

(Continued on next page)

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2010

Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

to the Statement of Net Assets:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets (Exhibit I) are different because of the following:

Fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit III)

\$ 13,405,837

89,515,510

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Governmental capital assets \$ 155,301,585 Less accumulated depreciation (65,786,075) Net capital assets

Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and, therefore, are not recorded in the funds:

Net pension asset280,557Property tax receivables greater than 60 days406,353Interest receivable on property taxes219,245Housing and mortgage loans221,306

Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:

Bonds and notes payable(12,500,000)Interest payable on bonds and notes(110,592)Compensated absences(287,892)Capital lease(204,594)

Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit I) \$ 90,945,730

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	General	Small Cities	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
Property taxes	\$ 54,251,986	\$	\$	\$	54,251,986
Intergovernmental	2,959,153	272,515	107	214,593	3,446,368
Charges for services	891,280			526,289	1,417,569
Income on investments	66,380		13,702	14,403	94,485
Miscellaneous	405,274			68,898	474,172
Total revenues	58,574,073	272,515	13,809	824,183	59,684,580
Expenditures:					
Current:					
General government	6,092,932			43,558	6,136,490
Public safety	2,985,112			275,870	3,260,982
Public works	2,782,952			308,758	3,091,710
Conservation of health	427,666				427,666
Community activities	1,264,038	5,365		210,036	1,479,439
Education	40,624,032				40,624,032
Capital outlay	1,798,428	268,977	2,445,156		4,512,561
Debt service			<u> </u>	1,555,442	1,555,442
Total expenditures	55,975,160	274,342	2,445,156	2,393,664	61,088,322
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
over Expenditures	2,598,913	(1,827)	(2,431,347)	(1,569,481)	(1,403,742)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):					
Transfers in	141,975		1,394,668	1,620,743	3,157,386
Transfers out	(3,015,411)		(61,975)	(80,000)	(3,157,386)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(2,873,436)	-	1,332,693	1,540,743	- (0,200,000)
Total other maneing sources (uses)	(2,073,130)		1,552,655	1,3 10,7 13	
Net Change in Fund Balances	(274,523)	(1,827)	(1,098,654)	(28,738)	(1,403,742)
Fund Balances at Beginning of Year	6,050,601	74,487	6,258,599	2,425,892	14,809,579
Fund Balances at End of Year	\$ 5,776,078	\$ 72,660	\$ 5,159,945	\$ 2,397,154	\$ 13,405,837

(Continued on next page)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (Exhibit II) are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds (Exhibit IV) \$ (1,403,742)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay	4,592,899
Depreciation expense	(3,123,028)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds, and revenues recognized in the funds are not reported in the statement of activities:

Property tax receivable - accrual basis change	(105,065)
Property tax interest and lien revenue - accrual basis change	(4,752)
Net pension asset	125,844
Mortgage loan receivables	(2,515)
Contributions of roads	7.500

The issuance of long-term debt (e.g., bonds, leases) provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction has any effect on net assets. Also, governmental funds report the effect of issuance costs, premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are amortized and deferred in the statement of activities. The details of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items are as follows:

Bond principal payments	1,025,000
Capital lease payments	175,058

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

Compensated absences	(8,028)
Accrued interest	8,845

Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities (Exhibit II) \$\,_1,288,016\$

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS

JUNE 30, 2010

	_	Pension Trust Fund
Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	408,607
Investments:		
Mutual funds		7,770,957
U.S. Treasury issues		1,736,893
Corporate bonds		564,225
Total assets		10,480,682
Liabilities	_	<u>-</u>
Net Assets:		
Held in trust for pension benefits	\$	10,480,682

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET ASSETS

PENSION TRUST FUND

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	_	Pension Trust Fund
Additions:		
Contributions:		
Plan members	\$	29,557
Employer	_	600,000
Total contributions	_	629,557
Investment income: Net appreciation in fair value of investments		896,871
Interest and dividends		124,234
Net investment income	_	1,021,105
Not investment meonic	_	1,021,103
Total additions		1,650,662
Deductions:		
Benefits		286,187
Fees	_	980
Total deductions	_	287,167
Change in Net Assets		1,363,495
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - Beginning of Year	_	9,117,187
Net Assets Held in Trust for Pension Benefits - End of Year	\$_	10,480,682

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Town of Southbury, Connecticut (the Town) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant policies of the Town are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Town was incorporated in 1787. Its legal authority is derived from its Charter which was adopted in 1975 and most recently amended in 1997. The Town operates under a Board of Selectmen/Board of Finance/Town Meeting form of government. Services provided include street maintenance, recreation, police and fire protection, planning and zoning, community services and health services. The Town is a member of Regional School District #15 which provides education services for all children.

The legislative power of the Town is vested with the Board of Selectmen and the Town Meeting. The Board of Selectmen may enact, amend or repeal ordinances and resolutions. The administration of the Town offices and agencies is the responsibility of the First Selectman.

The Board of Finance is responsible for financial and taxation matters as prescribed by the Charter and Connecticut General Statutes, and is responsible for presenting fiscal operating budgets for Town Meeting approval.

The Town has the power to incur indebtedness by issuing bonds or notes as provided by the Connecticut General Statutes.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Town considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, charges for services, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Town, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Small Cities Fund is used to account for federal Small Cities grant and loan program.

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the Town reports the following fund types:

The Pension Trust Fund accounts for the activities of the Town of Southbury Pension System, which accumulates resources for pension benefit payments to qualified Town employees.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes and other charges between certain Town functions because the elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include property taxes.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. Deposits and Investments

The Town's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

State statutes authorize the Town to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, commercial paper, corporate bonds, repurchase agreements and certain other investments as described in Note 3.

Investments for the Town are reported at fair value.

E. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the noncurrent portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. Allowances for uncollectibles are computed based on historical data.

Property taxes are assessed on property as of October 1. Taxes are billed in the following July and are due in two installments, July 1 and the following January 1. Liens on real property are filed on May 1 following the due date. Interest on delinquent taxes accrues at the rate of 1.5% per month. An amount of \$30,563 has been established as an allowance for uncollectible taxes. At June 30, 2010, this represents 6.4% of all property taxes receivable.

F. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets is not included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Buildings	25-50
Building improvements	25-50
Public domain infrastructure	20-50
System infrastructure	20-50
Vehicles	5-15
Office equipment	5-15
Land improvements	10-20

H. Compensated Absences

Substantially all Town employees, other than those employed less than 20 hours per week or on a seasonal or temporary basis, are allowed to accumulate a limited amount of unused vacation and sick leave until termination of their employment. Upon termination of service, an employee with over six months of service is entitled to payment for unused vacation.

I. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net assets. Bond premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of any significant applicable bond premium or discount. Significant bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

J. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are not available for appropriation or are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose. Designations of fund balance represent tentative management plans that are subject to change.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

The Town adheres to the following procedures in establishing the budget for the General Fund. On the third Monday in May, the Board of Finance submits to a Town Meeting, at which taxpayer comments are obtained, a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

- Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by vote of the Annual Town Meeting.
- The Board of Finance in concurrence with the Board of Selectmen is authorized to make additional appropriations up to \$20,000 to any single agency or department per year. Any appropriation causing the total to exceed or exceeding \$20,000 must be approved by Town Meeting.
- Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The legal budget is a departmental level budget.
- There were supplemental appropriations of \$15,499 during the year ended June 30, 2010. All additional appropriations were made in accordance with the Charter.
- Budgets for Special Revenue Funds are prepared in accordance with the requirements of the various grant agreements and/or provisions which control the expenditure of such funds. Since such budgets are adopted on a program basis, it is not practicable to present the results of budgetary operations at the combined level.
- Capital Projects appropriations for capital and reserve funds are approved in the annual budget. Projects in excess of \$20,000 not in the annual budget are approved at Town Meeting.

All General Fund appropriations lapse at year end. Appropriations for Capital Projects Funds and several Special Revenue Funds are continued until completion of the project, even when projects extend for more than one fiscal year. If three years lapse without any expenditure or any encumbrance of said funds, the appropriation will lapse.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders, contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as reservations of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year.

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-402). Deposits may be made in a "qualified public depository" as defined by Statute or in amounts not exceeding the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation insurance limit in an "out of state bank," as defined by the Statutes, which is not a "qualified public depository."

The Connecticut General Statutes (Section 7-400) permit municipalities to invest in: 1) obligations of the United States and its agencies, 2) highly rated obligations of any state of the United States or of any political subdivision, authority or agency thereof, and 3) shares or other interests in custodial arrangements or pools maintaining constant net asset values and in highly rated no-load open end money market and mutual funds (with constant or fluctuating net asset values) whose portfolios are limited to obligations of the United States and its agencies, and repurchase agreements fully collateralized by such obligations. Other provisions of the Statutes cover specific municipal funds with particular investment authority. The provisions of the Statutes regarding the investment of municipal pension funds do not specify permitted investments. Therefore, investment of such funds is generally controlled by the laws applicable to fiduciaries and the provisions of the applicable plan.

The Statutes (Sections 3-24f and 3-27f) also provide for investment in shares of the State Short-Term Investment Fund (STIF) and the State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund (TEPF). These investment pools are under the control of the State Treasurer, with oversight provided by the Treasurer's Cash Management Advisory Board, and are regulated under the State Statutes and subject to annual audit by the Auditors of Public Accounts. Investment yields are accounted for on an amortized-cost basis with an investment portfolio that is designed to attain a market-average rate of return throughout budgetary and economic cycles. Investors accrue interest daily based on actual earnings, less expenses and transfers to the designated surplus reserve, and the fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

A. Deposits

Deposit Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Town's deposit will not be returned. The Town does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. The deposit of public funds is controlled by the Connecticut General Statutes. Deposits may be placed with any qualified public depository that has its main place of business in the State of Connecticut. Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, *Deposits and Investment Risk Disclosures*, \$908,797 of the Town's bank balance of \$8,056,805 was exposed to custodial credit risk as follows:

Uninsured and uncollateralized	\$ 7/5,179
Uninsured and collateralized held by the pledging bank's trust department, not in the Town's name	133,618
trust department, not in the Town's name	 133,016
Total Amount Subject to Custodial Credit Risk	\$ 908,797

Connecticut General Statutes require that each depository maintain segregated collateral (not required to be based on a security agreement between the depository and the municipality and, therefore, not perfected in accordance with federal law) in an amount equal to a defined percentage of its public deposits based upon the depository's risk based capital ratio.

Cash Equivalents

At June 30, 2010, the Town's cash equivalents amounted to \$7,305,919. The following table provides a summary of the Town's cash equivalents (excluding U.S. government guaranteed obligations) as rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The pools all have maturities of less than one year.

	Standard and Poor's
State Tax Exempt Proceeds Fund*	
Cutwater Asset Management - Connecticut	
Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities	
System (CLASS) Plus	AAA/m
*Not rated	

B. Investments

As of June 30, 2010, the Town had the following investments:

					Inves	tmen	t Maturitie	es (Years)
Investment Type	Credit Rating	-	Fair Value	-	Less Than 1		1-10		More Than 10
Interest-bearing investments: U.S. Treasury notes		\$	937,433	\$		\$	937,433	\$	
U.S. Government agencies	AAA		799,460					_	799,460
Total			1,736,893	\$ _	-	_ \$_	937,433	\$_	799,460
Other investments:									
Equities			4,418,530						
Mutual funds		-	3,916,652	-					
Total Investments		\$	10,072,075	=					

Interest Rate Risk - The Town does not limit their maximum final stated maturities to fifteen years. To the extent possible, the Town will attempt to match its investments with anticipated cash flow requirements.

Credit Risk - Investments - As indicated above, State Statutes limit the investment options of cities and towns. The Town has an investment policy that allows the same type of investments as State Statutes.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The Town has a policy limiting an investment in any one issuer that is in excess of 5% of the Town's total investments.

Custodial Credit Risk - Custodial credit risk for an investment is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty (the institution that pledges collateral or repurchase agreement securities to the Town or that sells investments to or buys them for the Town), the Town will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The Town has a policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2010, the Town did not have any uninsured and unregistered securities held by the counter party or by its trust department or agent that were not in the Town's name.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables as of year end for the Town's individual major, nonmajor and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

		General	Small Cities		Nonmajor and Other Funds		Total
Receivables:	_			_		_	
Interest	\$	219,245	\$	\$		\$	219,245
Taxes		475,925					475,925
Accounts		44,272			43,541		87,813
Housing loans			221,306				221,306
Gross receivables	_	739,442	221,306	_	43,541	_	1,004,289
Less allowance for uncollectibles:							
Taxes	_	(30,563)		_		_	(30,563)
Net Total Receivables	\$ _	708,879	\$ 221,306	\$	43,541	\$	973,726

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of deferred revenue and unearned revenue reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	<u>U</u> ı	navailable	 Unearned
Delinquent property taxes receivable Accrued interest on property taxes Small cities loans and grants	\$	406,353 219,245 221,306	\$
Unearned grants Advanced tax collections		,	 69,708 43,735
Total Deferred/Unearned Revenue for Governmental Funds	\$	846,904	\$ 113,443

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental activities:					
Capital assets not being depreciated:					
Land	\$ 19,283,40	5 \$	\$	\$	19,283,405
Construction in progress	5,823,310	0 4,005,338		(2,131,792)	7,696,856
Total capital assets not being depreciated	25,106,71	5 4,005,338		(2,131,792)	26,980,261
Capital assets being depreciated:					
Buildings	16,931,064	4		43,345	16,974,409
Furniture and equipment	9,617,922	2 595,061	(295,005)	226,640	10,144,618
Infrastructure	99,340,490	00		1,861,807	101,202,297
Total capital assets being depreciated	125,889,470	595,061	(295,005)	2,131,792	128,321,324
Less accumulated depreciation for:					
Buildings	3,243,252	2 274,616			3,517,868
Furniture and equipment	4,951,759	9 658,598	(295,005)		5,315,352
Infrastructure	54,763,04	1 2,189,814			56,952,855
Total accumulated depreciation	62,958,052	3,123,028	(295,005)		65,786,075
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	62,931,424	(2,527,967)		2,131,792	62,535,249
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 88,038,139	9 \$ 1,477,371	\$\$	S\$	89,515,510

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental activities:	
General government	\$ 327,179
Public safety	254,221
Public works	2,460,649
Community activities	80,979
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$ 3,123,028

Capital Project Commitments

The Town has active construction projects as of June 30, 2010. The projects include:

	_	Appropriation	 Expended	<u> </u>	Encumbrances	_	Remaining Balance	
Capital	\$	4,584,014	\$ 4,295,960	\$	32,369	\$	255,685	
Berry Farm		1,756,655	1,743,823				12,832	
Reserve Accounts		19,301,252	15,894,886		108,505		3,297,861	
Limited Reserve Accounts		18,859,807	18,190,211				669,596	
Senior Police Probate Park								
and Recreation Center		3,689,043	3,586,880		843		101,320	

6. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

At June 30, 2010, the interfund receivables and payables are as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund		Amount
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	\$	8,195
Small Cities	General Fund		1,327
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds		297,553
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	_	74,552
Total		\$_	381,627

All balances reflect recurring reimbursement type transactions expected to be repaid in the current period.

Interfund transfers:

	_	Transfers In						
		General		Capital Projects		Nonmajor Governmental		Total
Transfers out: General Fund Nonmajor Governmental Capital Projects	\$	80,000 61,975	\$	1,394,668	\$	1,620,743	\$	3,015,411 80,000 61,975
Total Transfers Out	\$	141,975	\$	1,394,668	\$	1,620,743	\$	3,157,386

All transfers are for regularly recurring operational transfers.

7. LONG-TERM DEBT

Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2010 was as follows:

	•	Beginning Balance	 Additions	 Reductions		Ending Balance	. <u>-</u>	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities: Bonds payable: General obligation bonds	\$	13,525,000	\$	\$ 1,025,000	\$	12,500,000	\$	1,025,000
Capital leases Compensated absences		379,652 279,864	8,028	 175,058	. ,	204,594 287,892	. <u>-</u>	184,293 225,900
Total Governmental Activities Long-Term Liabilities	\$	14,184,516	\$ 8,028	\$ 1,200,058	\$	12,992,486	\$	1,435,193

A schedule of bond and notes outstanding at June 30, 2010 is presented below:

Description	Date of Issue	Date of Maturity	Interest Rate (%)	 Amount of Original Issue		Balance Outstanding June 30, 2010
Bonds payable:						
General purpose	2003	2023	3-5	\$ 10,000,000	\$	6,500,000
General purpose	2004	2024	2.95-4.3	5,580,000		3,850,000
General purpose	2009	2019	3.52-4.0	2,400,000	_	2,150,000
Total					\$	12,500,000

Annual maturities of bonds and notes are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	rincipal Interest	
2011	\$ 1,025,000 \$	\$ 494,406 \$	1,519,406
2012	1,025,000	457,794	1,482,794
2013	1,025,000	421,087	1,446,087
2014	1,025,000	383,463	1,408,463
2015	1,025,000	344,525	1,369,525
2016-19	4,000,000	973,181	4,973,181
2020-24	3,375,000	370,638	3,745,638
Total	\$_12,500,000 \$	3,445,094 \$	15,945,094

Bond Authorizations

The Town has authorized the issuance of debt for the following projects:

	-	Original Authorization	Bonds Previously Issued
Land Purchases	\$	8,650,000 \$	5,750,000

Capital Lease

The Town entered into a capital lease to acquire a communication system. The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2010 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	_	Amount
2011	\$	192,690
2012		7,200
2013		7,200
2014		7,200
2015	_	1,200
Total future minimum lease payments		215,490
Less amounts representing interest	_	10,896
Present Value of Future Minimum Lease Payments	\$_	204,594

Overlapping Debt

The Town of Southbury is a member of Regional School District #15, which provides education facilities for grades kindergarten through twelve for the Towns of Southbury and Middlebury. As of June 30, 2010, the outstanding bonded indebtedness of the District was \$27,040,000. These issues are eligible for partial reimbursement by the State of Connecticut. Total grants anticipated are \$2,434,451. The Town of Southbury's share will be approximately 69.94% of the remainder. These are general obligations of Regional School District #15 and its member towns.

The Town's indebtedness does not exceed the legal debt limitations as established by Connecticut General Statutes as reflected in the following schedule (in thousands):

Category	 Debt Limitation	 Indebtedness*	 Balance
General purpose	\$ 121,959	\$ 15,400	\$ 106,559
Schools	243,918	17,210	226,708
Sewers	203,265		203,265
Urban renewal	176,163		176,163
Pension deficit	162,612		162,612

^{*}Portion of Regional School District #15 indebtedness as described above. Also includes bonds authorized unissued when debt has been issued.

In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$379,428).

8. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the Town carries commercial insurance. There are no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. The amount of claim settlements has not exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

9. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS AND PENSION PLANS

Pension Trust Fund

A. Plan Description

The Town of Southbury is the administrator of a single-employer Public Employee Retirement System (PERS) established and administered by the Town to provide retirement, disability and death benefits for its employees. The PERS is considered to be part of the Town of Southbury's financial reporting entity and is included in the Town's financial reports as a pension trust fund. The system was established by vote of the Board of Selectmen July 1, 1970.

The Town of Southbury Retirement System covers substantially all employees working more than 20 hours a week.

Participants who retire at normal retirement date are entitled to a monthly retirement benefit in an amount equal to 1.5 and 2.5% (police) of their average monthly earnings multiplied by years of service up to a maximum of 35 years. Average monthly compensation is the average salary over the 60 consecutive month period that provides the highest average (36 months for police). The Plan also produces a preretirement death benefit. Participants become 100% vested on completing 5 years of vesting service. Normal retirement eligibility is later of age 50 and completing 20 years of service but not later than age 55 for police and the later of age 65 or 5 years for all others.

The membership of the Plan consisted of the following at July 1, 2009, the date of the latest actuarial valuation:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	41
Terminated plan members entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them	29
Current plan members	107
Total	177

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Plan Asset Matters

Basis of Accounting: PERS financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Employee and employer contributions are recognized as revenues in the period in which employee services are performed. Benefit payments and refunds are payable when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan.

Method Used to Value Investments: All assets are valued at fair value. All investments are invested in government bonds, corporate bonds and equity mutual funds.

C. Funding Policy

The Town is required to contribute the amounts necessary to fund the PERS and cover all administrative charges. Police are required to contribute 1.9% of annual earnings. All amounts are determined by annual actuarial valuations and are included as part of the annual budget expenditures. The current contribution rate for the Town is 10.7% of covered payroll. Covered payroll is \$5,158,084 or 85.0% of total Town payroll of \$6,067,971. The contribution requirements of the Town and plan members may be amended by the Board of Selectmen and subject to bargaining unit approval.

D. Annual Pension Cost and Net Pension Obligations

The Town's annual pension cost and net pension obligation to the PERS for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$	474,442
Interest on net pension obligation		(12,377)
Adjustment to annual required contribution	_	12,091
Annual pension cost		474,156
Contributions made	_	600,000
Decrease in net pension obligation		(125,844)
Net pension asset at beginning of year	_	(154,713)
Net Pension Asset at End of Year	\$_	(280,557)

The following is a summary of certain significant actuarial assumptions and other PERS information:

Actuarial valuation date	July 1, 2009
Actuarial cost method	Entry Age Normal
Amortization method	Level Percent
Remaining amortization period	19 years
Asset valuation method	Fair Value-5 Year
	Smoothing
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	8.0%
Projected salary increases	4.0%
Inflation	3-3.5%

E. Trend Information

Fiscal Year Ended	 Annual Pension Cost (APC)	Actual Contribution	Percentage of APC Contributed	Net Pension Obligation (Asset)
6/30/10 6/30/09 6/30/08	\$ 474,156 429,632 685,159	\$ 600,000 435,000 704,566	126.54% 101.25 102.83	\$ (280,557) (154,713) (149,345)

F. Pension Plan Required Supplementary Information

Schedule of Funding Progress

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	 Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) Entry Age (b)	 Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a/b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a % of Covered Payroll ((b-a)/c)
7/1/09	\$ 10,940,626	\$ 12,458,889	\$ 1,518,263	87.8	\$ 5,158,084	29.4%
7/1/08	11,337,498	11,391,583	54,085	99.5	4,324,805	1.3
7/1/07	9,594,300	9,902,633	308,333	96.9	3,944,816	7.8
7/1/06	8,092,844	10,747,816	2,654,972	75.3	4,035,522	65.8
7/1/05	7,022,779	9,635,186	2,612,407	72.9	3,651,946	71.5
7/1/04	5,778,471	8,649,205	2,870,734	66.8	3,335,296	86.1

Schedule of Employer Contributions

Fiscal Year	 Annual Required Contribution	 Actual Contribution	Percentage Contributed
6/30/10	\$ 474,442	\$ 600,000	126.46%
6/30/09	430,307	435,000	101.09
6/30/08	685,586	704,566	102.77
6/30/07	628,812	630,000	100.19
6/30/06	628,812	600,000	95.50
6/30/05	592,343	700,000	118.17

The information presented in the required supplementary schedule was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated. Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation is presented in Section D above.

10. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Town is currently a defendant in a number of lawsuits including tax appeals. It is the opinion of Town officials and legal counsel that such pending litigation will not be finally determined so as to result individually or in the aggregate in a final judgment against the Town which would materially adversely affect its financial position.

11. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The Town has issued a refunding for the Town's December 15, 2002 General Obligation Bonds of \$6,000,000 on July 14, 2010 for the amount of \$6,080,000. Interest of 3.00% to 5.00% on the refunded bond will be payable on September 15, 2010 and semiannually thereafter on March 15 and September 15 in each year until maturity in 2022.

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgete	d A	amounts				Variance -
	Original		Final	_	Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable)
Property taxes:							
Property taxes \$	52,931,796	\$	52,931,796	\$	53,406,500	\$	474,704
Prior year's taxes	549,800		549,800		329,133		(220,667)
Motor vehicle supplement	350,000		350,000		279,528		(70,472)
Interest and liens	206,463		206,463	_	236,825		30,362
Total property taxes	54,038,059 54,0	54,038,059	-	54,251,986	į.	213,927	
Intergovernmental revenues:							
State of Connecticut:							
Education Cost Sharing	2,422,233		2,422,233		2,050,596		(371,637)
Other	658,296		658,296		796,592		138,296
Telecommunication property tax	213,616		213,616		111,965		(101,651)
Total intergovernmental revenues	3,294,145		3,294,145	-	2,959,153	ı	(334,992)
Licenses, permits and fees:							
Building and regulatory	330,091		330,091		159,970		(170,121)
Recreation	306,821		306,821		240,814		(66,007)
Town Clerk	477,467		477,417		481,804		4,387
Dog licenses and fees	8,100		8,150	_	8,692		542
Total licenses, permits and fees	1,122,479		1,122,479	-	891,280	ı	(231,199)
Investment income	231,068		231,068	. <u>-</u>	66,380	•	(164,688)
Other	478,093		478,093	_	469,119		(8,974)
Transferred in from other funds	25,000		25,000	_	141,975		116,975
Total \$	59,188,844	\$	59,188,844		58,779,893	\$	(408,951)
Budgetary revenues are different than GAAP revenues Cancellation of prior year encumbrances are recog		ary	revenue	_	(63,845)	•	
Total Revenues and Other Financing Sources as Rep Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Bala Exhibit IV				\$_	58,716,048	ı	

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	_	Budgete	ed Aı	nounts				Variance -
		Original		Final		Actual		Favorable (Unfavorable)
General government:	_						•	
Board of Selectmen	\$	262,814	\$	262,814	\$	234,449	\$	28,365
Town Hall Service expense		132,000		132,000		118,777		13,223
Other expense		188,497		188,497		186,212		2,285
Social Services		36,526		36,726		35,058		1,668
Labor related expense		2,506,215		2,506,215		2,428,024		78,191
Computers		69,775		69,775		67,185		2,590
Probate Court		12,000		12,000		9,777		2,223
Elections		138,851		138,851		85,658		53,193
Board of Finance		34,400		34,400		34,400		-
Board of Assessment Appeals		1,500		1,500		887		613
Controller		218,067		218,861		218,860		1
Tax Collector		135,478		137,249		137,217		32
Assessor		160,124		160,396		157,153		3,243
Town Clerk		225,141		225,866		216,868		8,998
Building Inspector		148,342		148,887		148,387		500
Insurance and Bonds		575,146		575,146		516,926		58,220
Legal expense		135,000		141,300		141,225		75
Planning Commission		137,169		140,433		118,883		21,550
Inland Wetlands Commission		85,862		87,817		85,699		2,118
Zoning Commission		12,800		12,800		3,009		9,791
Zoning Board of Appeals		34,117		34,243		33,479		764
Economic Development Commission		4,950		4,950		3,550		1,400
Town properties - inside		243,119		243,119		240,215		2,904
Energy		393,915		393,915		332,168		61,747
Town properties - outside		397,459		397,459		380,758		16,701
Contingency		200,000		90		,		90
Refunds		100,000		100,000		90,834		9,166
Total	_	6,589,267	_	6,405,309	_	6,025,658		379,651
Public safety:								
Fire Department/hydrants		421,770		449,170		425,349		23,821
Communications		299,380		299,380		255,748		43,632
Police Protection		1,872,489		1,881,589		1,822,811		58,778
Civil Preparedness		5,060		5,060		4,893		167
Fire Marshal		94,937		95,336		90,984		4,352
Tree Warden		8,000		8,000		6,122		1,878
Canine Control		66,789		69,089		63,538		5,551
Ambulance Association		326,367		326,367		326,367		-
Total	_	3,094,792	_	3,133,991	_	2,995,812		138,179
Highway-public works:								
General maintenance		1,758,439		1,843,439		1,812,290		31,149
Solid waste disposal		860,616		888,616		789,333		99,283
Total	-	2,619,055	-	2,732,055	_	2,601,623	•	130,432
10111	_	2,017,033	_	2,132,033	_	2,001,023		150,752

(Continued on next page)

TOWN OF SOUTHBURY, CONNECTICUT

GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BUDGET AND ACTUAL (NON-GAAP BUDGETARY BASIS) (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Budgete	ed Amounts	_		Variance -
	Original	Final		Actual	Favorable (Unfavorable)
Conservation of health:					
Conservation Commission	3 13,200	\$ 13,20	0 \$	5,843	\$ 7,357
Department of Health	148,569	148,56		148,569	· -
Visiting Nurses Association	1,800	1,80			1,800
Lake Zoar Authority	25,425	25,42	5	25,425	-
Lake Lillinonah Authority	22,000	22,00	0	22,000	-
Pomperaug Valley Water Authority	200	20	0		200
Water Pollution Authority	1,750	1,75	0		1,750
Commission of Services for Elderly	245,643	245,64	3	225,829	19,814
Total	458,587	458,58	<u>7</u>	427,666	30,921
Community activities:					
Committee expenses	21,300	24,10	0	14,384	9,716
Library	661,237	661,23	7	650,373	10,864
Recreation Commission	458,949	460,70	8	447,440	13,268
Other community activities	160,936	160,93	6	160,936	<u> </u>
Total	1,302,422	1,306,98	1	1,273,133	33,848
Education - Region #15	40,969,600	40,969,60	0	40,624,032	345,568
Capital outlay	1,798,428	1,798,42	8	1,798,428	
Total expenditures	56,832,151	56,804,95	1	55,746,352	1,058,599
Transfers out:					
Elderly Services and Program Fund	6,709	6,70	9	6,709	-
Historic Building Fund	17,440	17,44	0	17,440	_
Capital Reserve Fund	1,015,000	1,015,00	0	1,015,000	_
Capital Transfers Other	444,668	444,66	8	444,668	_
Debt Service	1,488,895	1,531,59	4	1,531,594	-
Total transfers out	2,972,712	3,015,41	1	3,015,411	
Total Expenditures and Transfers	59,804,863	\$ 59,820,36	2	58,761,763	\$1,058,599
Budgetary expenditures are different than GAAP ex Encumbrances for purchases and commitments or in the year the order is placed for budgetary purp	dered but not rec	eived are reporte			
financial reporting purposes			-	228,808	
Total Expenditures and Other Financing Uses as Re					
Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Bal	ances - Governm	ental Funds -			
Exhibit IV			\$	58,990,571	

GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2010 AND 2009

		2010	 2009
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	6,139,042	\$ 7,283,867
Property taxes receivable, net		445,362	541,918
Other accounts receivable		263,517	235,809
Due from other funds		8,195	14,700
Other assets	-	21,490	 19,477
Total Assets	\$	6,877,606	\$ 8,095,771
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE			
Liabilities:			
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	356,316	\$ 472,354
Due to other funds		75,879	809,045
Deferred revenues		669,333	 763,771
Total liabilities	-	1,101,528	 2,045,170
Fund balance:			
Reserved for encumbrances		137,065	429,718
Unreserved:			
Designated for subsequent year's budget		710,000	616,019
Designated for future purposes		4,225,000	4,100,000
Undesignated		704,013	 904,864
Total fund balance	-	5,776,078	 6,050,601
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$	6,877,606	\$ 8,095,771

GENERAL FUND

REPORT OF TAX COLLECTOR

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

			Uncollected	Lawful (orı	ections		Transfers	Adjusted			Collec	tions	5			Uncollected
Grand List	Due Date		Taxes July 1, 2009	 Additions		Deductions	-	to Suspense	Taxes Collectible	_	Taxes	 Interest	_	Fees	 Total	J	Taxes une 30, 2010
2008	2009	\$	53,993,832	\$ 67,121	\$	178,855	\$	6,627	\$ 53,875,471	\$	53,605,722	\$ 133,413	\$	1,542	\$ 53,740,677	\$	269,749
2007	2008		334,081	18,467		16,636		11,912	324,000		252,518	51,621		1,775	305,914		71,482
2006	2007		108,677	19,304		7,664		22,735	97,582		75,293	28,142		810	104,245		22,289
2005	2006		32,059	829		44			32,844		16,490	8,630		288	25,408		16,354
2004	2005		13,662	152		201			13,613		(49)	119		6	76		13,662
2003	2004		12,098	338		338			12,098						-		12,098
2002	2003		11,302	268		268			11,302						-		11,302
$\frac{33}{7}$ 2001	2002		9,129	97		95			9,131						-		9,131
2000	2001		8,582						8,582						-		8,582
1999	2000		7,852						7,852						-		7,852
1998	1999		8,494						8,494						-		8,494
1997	1998		8,058						8,058						-		8,058
1996	1997		7,157						7,157						-		7,157
1995	1996		5,283						5,283						-		5,283
1994	1995		2,616						2,616		241				241		2,375
1993	1994	_	2,057				-		2,057	_			_		 	_	2,057
		\$_	54,564,939	\$ 106,576	\$	204,101	\$	41,274	\$ 54,426,140		53,950,215	221,925		4,421	54,176,561	\$_	475,925
						Suspense co	llec	etions		_	17,396	 8,836	_	1,638	 27,870		
						TOTAL				\$_	53,967,611	\$ 230,761	\$	6,059	\$ 54,204,431		

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

JUNE 30, 2010

	_							9	Special Revenu	ıe F	unds					
	_	Private Duty		Police D.A.R.E.		Parks and Recreation Programs and Trips	Watermain		Three R Investments		Police Forfeitures	Debt Management		Elderly Services and Program Fund		Town Aid Road Fund
Assets																
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable	\$	9,606 43,541	\$	7,826	\$	33,221	\$	\$	3,458	\$	1,144	\$ 290,855	\$	79,894	\$	235,139
Due from other funds	_						 7,973		3,776				-	6,709	_	353,647
Total Assets	\$_	53,147	\$	7,826	\$	33,221	\$ 7,973	\$	7,234	\$	1,144	\$ 290,855	\$	86,603	\$	588,786
Liabilities and Fund Balances																
Liabilities: Accounts and other payables Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$	-	\$	5,065 5,065	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$	<u> </u>	\$ 290,844 290,844	\$		\$	
Fund Balances: Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:						76										38,522
Undesignated	_	53,147	_	2,761	. –	33,145	 7,973		7,234		1,144	11	_	86,603		550,264
Total fund balances	_	53,147		2,761		33,221	 7,973		7,234		1,144	11	-	86,603	_	588,786
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	53,147	\$	7,826	\$	33,221	\$ 7,973	\$	7,234	\$	1,144	\$ 290,855	\$	86,603	\$	588,786

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

JUNE 30, 2010

	-					Sı	pecial Rever	nue	Funds					
Accede	_	Town Clerk Record Preservation		Streetscape Reserve	 Revaluation		Loss Reserve	_	Library Gift	 Historical Buildings	Planning	 Farm Document		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Assets														
Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable Due from other funds	\$	35,037	\$	9,359	\$ 342,838	\$	275,780	\$	776,274	\$ 15,960 \$	105,850	\$ 65,880	\$	2,288,121 43,541 372,105
Total Assets	\$	35,037	\$	9,359	\$ 342,838	\$	275,780	\$	776,274	\$ 15,960 \$	105,850	\$ 65,880	\$	2,703,767
Liabilities and Fund Balances														
Liabilities:														
Accounts and other payables	\$		\$		\$	\$	865	\$		\$ \$		\$	\$	865
Due to other funds	_	3,111		6,728						 				305,748
Total liabilities	-	3,111	-	6,728	 -	-	865	-	-	 - -	-	 -	-	306,613
Fund Balances:														
Reserved for encumbrances Unreserved:				2,422										41,020
Undesignated		31,926		209	342,838		274,915		776,274	15,960	105,850	65,880		2,356,134
Total fund balances	-	31,926	-	2,631	 342,838	-	274,915	_	776,274	 15,960	105,850	65,880	_	2,397,154
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	35,037	\$	9,359	\$ 342,838	\$	275,780	\$	776,274	\$ 15,960 \$	105,850	\$ 65,880	\$	2,703,767

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	_					Special Revenue	Funds			
	_	Private Duty	Police D.A.R.E.	Parks and Recreation Programs and Trips	Watermain	Three R Investments	Police Forfeitures	Debt Management	Elderly Services and Program Fund	Town Aid Road Fund
Revenues: Intergovernmental revenues	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		\$ 5	2	\$ \$	193,688
Charges for services	Ф	353,521	Φ	125,258	,		D 3	•	Ф Ф	193,000
Income on investments		555,521		120,200				400	136	235
Other	_		500						12,072	
Total revenues	_	353,521	500	125,258				400	12,208	193,923
Expenditures: Current:										
General government									3,932	
Public safety		264,048								
Public works										302,848
Community activities				127,690				1.555.440	18,292	
Debt service	-	264,048		127,690				1,555,442 1,555,442	22,224	302,848
Total expenditures	-	204,048		127,090				1,333,442	22,224	302,848
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues										
over Expenditures	_	89,473	500	(2,432)				(1,555,042)	(10,016)	(108,925)
Other Financing Sources (Uses):										
Transfers in								1,531,594	6,709	
Transfers out	_	(80,000)								
Total other financing		(00,000)						1 521 504	6.700	
sources (uses)	-	(80,000)						1,531,594	6,709	
Net Change in Fund Balances		9,473	500	(2,432)	-	-	-	(23,448)	(3,307)	(108,925)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	_	43,674	2,261	35,653	7,973	7,234	1,144	23,459	89,910	697,711
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$	53,147 \$	2,761 \$	33,221 \$	7,973	\$ 7,234	\$ 1,144 5	S 11	\$ 86,603 \$	588,786

(Continued on next page)

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NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2010

	Special Revenue Funds								
	Town Clerk Record Preservation	Streetscape Reserve	Revaluation	Loss Reserve	Library Gift	Historical Buildings	Planning	Farm Document	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Revenues:			•		20.007				211.502
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ \$	S	\$	\$	20,905	\$	\$,
Charges for services	8,174	_	7.50		11.704	00	27,075	12,261	526,289
Income on investments	132	5	758	665	11,794	88	190		14,403
Other	0.206	2,422	750	7,668	46,236		27.265	12.261	68,898
Total revenues	8,306	2,427	758	8,333	78,935	88	27,265	12,261	824,183
Expenditures: Current:									
General government	226		39,400						43,558
Public safety				11,822					275,870
Public works		2,400		3,510					308,758
Community activities					45,427	18,627			210,036
Debt service									1,555,442
Total expenditures	226	2,400	39,400	15,332	45,427	18,627		-	2,393,664
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
over Expenditures	8,080	27	(38,642)	(6,999)	33,508	(18,539)	27,265	12,261	(1,569,481)
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Transfers in			65,000			17,440			1,620,743
Transfers in Transfers out Total other financing	<u> </u>		03,000						(80,000)
sources (uses)			65,000			17,440			1,540,743
Net Change in Fund Balances	8,080	27	26,358	(6,999)	33,508	(1,099)	27,265	12,261	(28,738)
Fund Balances, Beginning of Year	23,846	2,604	316,480	281,914	742,766	17,059	78,585	53,619	2,425,892
Fund Balances, End of Year	\$ 31,926 \$	2,631	\$ 342,838	\$ 274,915 \$	776,274	\$\$ \$	105,850 \$	65,880 \$	2,397,154

STATEMENT OF DEBT LIMITATION

JUNE 30, 2010

(In Thousands)

Total tax collections, including interest and lien fees										54,204
		General Purpose		Schools		Sewers		Urban Renewal		Pension Deficit
Debt limitation:	_		_		_		•			
2-1/4 times base	\$	121,959	\$		\$		\$		\$	
4-1/2 times base				243,918						
3-3/4 times base						203,265				
3-1/4 times base								176,163		
3 times base	_		_		_		_			162,612
T-4-1 d-14 1::4-4:	_	121.050	_	242.019	_	202 265	•	176 162		162 612
Total debt limitation	_	121,959	-	243,918	-	203,265		176,163	_	162,612
Indebtedness:										
Bonds and notes payable		12,500								
Overlapping debt:										
Bonds payable and										
authorized - Regional										
District #15*				17,210						
Bonds authorized										
unissued	_	2,900	_		_				_	
Net indebtedness	_	15,400	_	17,210	_			-	_	
Debt Limitation in										
Excess of Outstanding										
and Authorized Debt	\$_	106,559	\$_	226,708	\$	203,265	\$	176,163	\$_	162,612

Note (1): In no case shall total indebtedness exceed seven times annual receipts from taxation (\$379,428).

^{*} The Town of Southbury is a member of Regional School District #15 which provides education facilities for grades kindergarten through twelve for the Towns of Southbury and Middlebury. As of June 30, 2010, the outstanding bonded indebtedness of the District was \$27,040. The State of Connecticut will be providing grants to offset the debt of approximately \$2,434. The Town of Southbury's share will be approximately 69.9% of the remainder. These are general obligations of Regional School District #15 and its member towns.